

Duration: 3hrs

[Max Marks:80]

- N.B.: (1) Question No 1 is Compulsory.
 (2) Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five.
 (3) All questions carry equal marks.
 (4) Assume suitable data, if required and state it clearly.

1 Attempt any **FOUR**

[20]

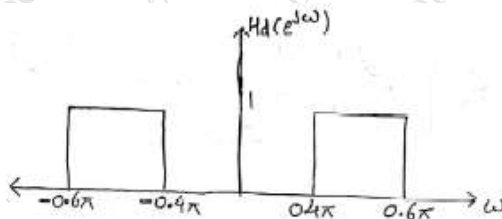
- a If $x(n) = \{2, 3, 4, 5\}$
 i) Find DFT of $x(n)$ using DIT-FFT
 ii) If $y(n) = x(n - 1)$ Find DFT of $y(n)$ using property not otherwise.
 b A digital filter is described by the following difference equation

$$y(n] = 0.9y(n - 1) + bx(n)$$

 i) Determine b such that $|H(0)| = 1$
 ii) Identify the filter type based on pass band.
 c Obtain computational complexity of FFT algorithm.
 d Define group delay and phase delay.
 e Explain the frequency warping in bilinear transformation.

2 a Design digital FIR filter for the following specification. Use hanning window and assume $M = 7$.

[10]



b Compute circular convolution of the following sequence using DITFFT-IFFT
 $x_1(n) = \{1, 2, 1, 2\}$ and $x_2(n) = \{1, 2, 1\}$.

[10]

3 a Compute the DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 3, 2, 1\}$ using DIF-FFT algorithm. Compare the computational complexity of the above algorithm with DFT.

[10]

b For the second order IIR filter

[10]

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{(1 - 0.5z^{-1})(1 - 0.45z^{-1})}$$

Study the effect of shift in pole location with a 3-bit coefficient.

4 a Determine the zeros of the following FIR systems and identify whether the following system is minimum phase, maximum phase, mixed phase. Also comment on stability.

[10]

(i) $H_1(z) = 6 + z^{-1} + 6z^{-2}$

(ii) $H_2(z) = 1 - z^{-1} - 6z^{-2}$

(iii) $H_3(z) = 1 - \frac{5}{2}z^{-1} - \frac{3}{2}z^{-2}$

- b Write a note on frequency sampling realization of FIR filter. [10]
- 5 a Design a digital Butterworth low pass filter that satisfies the following constraint [10]
using impulse invariant transformation method. Assume $T = 1 \text{ sec}$

$$0.707 \leq |H(\omega)| \leq 1 \quad ; \quad \text{for } 0 < \omega < 0.3\pi$$

$$|H(\omega)| \leq 0.2 \quad ; \quad \text{for } 0.75\pi < \omega < \pi$$
- b Explain overlap and save method for data filtering. Using this method find [10]
output of a system with impulse response $h(n) = \{1, 2, 1\}$ and input
 $x(n) = \{3, -1, 0, 1, 3, 2, 0, 1, 2, 1\}$
- 6 a Explain application of DSP for Echo cancellation. [10]
- b The transfer function of discrete time causal system is given by [10]

$$H(z) = \frac{1 - z^{-1}}{1 - 0.2z^{-1} - 0.15z^{-2}}$$

Draw cascade and parallel realization.