Examination: Third Year Semester V
Course Code: MEDLO5012 and Course Name: MACHINING SCIENCE AND TOOL DESIGN Time: 2.5 hour

| Time: 2-hour 30 minutes |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Q.1. | Choose the correct option for following questions. All the questions are compulsory and carry equal marks. |
| 1 | Friction at the tool-chip interface can be reduced by |
| Option A | Decreasing the rake angle |
| Option B | Increasing the depth of cut |
| Option C | Decreasing the cutting speed |
| Option D | Increasing the cutting speed |
| 2 | Continuous chips with built up edge are formed during machinin |
| Option A | Brittle metals |
| Option B | Ductile metals |
| Option C | Hard metals |
| Option D | Soft metals |
|  |  |
| -3 | Crater wear occurs mainly on the |
| Option A | Nose part, front relief face and side relief face of the cutting tool |
| Option B | Face of the cutting tool at a short distance from the cutting edge only |
| Option C | Cutting edge only |
| Option D | Front face only |
|  |  |
| 4 | Tool signature corisists of elements. |
| Option A | Two |
| Option B | Four |
| Option C | Five |
| Option D | Seven |
|  |  |
| 5 | Thrust force in an orthogonal machining is 400 N and cutting force is 600 N . If the rake angle is $15^{\circ}$, then friction angle is |
| Option A | $21^{\circ}$ |
| Option B | $41^{\circ}$ |
| Option C | $49^{\circ}$ |
| Option D | $75^{\circ}$ |
|  |  |
| 6 | Pull end length of a broach is |
| Option A | less than broached hole length |


| Option B | equal to broached hole length |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option C | greater than broached hole length |
| Option D | $70 \%$ of broached hole length |
| 7 | The cutting force in up milling ___ per tooth movement of the cutter |
| Option A | Is zero |
| Option B | Is maximum |
| Option C | Decreases from maximum to zero |
| Option D | Increases from zero to maximum |
| 8 | The binding material used in cemented carbide tools is |
| Option A | Tungsten |
| Option B | Chromium |
| Option C | Silicon |
| Option D | Cobalt |
| 9 | Form tools are used for |
| Option A | Machining of rectangular work pieces |
| Option B | Generation of gear teeth |
| Option C | Turning of cylindrical work pieces having multiple diameters in a production run |
| Option D | Drilling holes of various shapes |
| 10 | Broaching allowance is |
| Option A | The amount of material removed by the broach |
| Option B | The rate at which the material is removed |
| Option C | Distance between two consecutive teethes of the broach |
| Option D | Length of the cutting teethes. |
| Q.2. | Solve any Two Questions out of Three 10 Marks each |
| A | During turning of a steel rod, the tool life decreases from 80 min to 20 min . due to increase in cutting velocity, from $60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ to $120 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$., then at what cutting velocity the life of that tool under the same condition and environment will be 40 $\min$ ? |
| B | Lerive the expression for the merchants constant from Merchant theory. |
| C | What are the different types of chips formed during maching and conditions of formations of such chips? |
| Q.3. | Solve any Two Questions out of Three 10 Marks each |


| A | Calculate and design round progressive broach for machining cylindrical hole of dia. <br> $27 \mathrm{H}_{7}$ and an axial length of 30 mm in a work piece of carbon steel. Assume cut per <br> tooth in the range of 0.02 to 0.03 mm and the broaching force required per 'mm' of <br> cutting-edge length to be $120 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}$. The broach is of H.S.S. and permissible stress <br> not to exceed $200 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$. |
| :---: | :--- |
| B | Discuss various tool wear mechanisms. |
| C | What are essential properties of cutting fluid. |
| Q.4. | Solve any Two Questions out of Three |
| A | Explain the method of finding Taylor's exponent by taper turning test. |
| B | Explain the graphical procedure for designing flat form tocl. |
| C. | Staie and explain the effect of the factors influencing the cutting temperature during <br> machining operation? |

