Q. P. Code: 27426

Time: 2 hours Marks: 60

- 1. Question number 1 is compulsory
- 2. Attempt any three from remaining
- 3. Figure to right indicates marks
- 4. Assume necessary data

## Q1 attempt any 5 from following

15

- 1. Explain the steps to calculate the Miller indices of a plane.
- 2. Calculate the distance between two carbon atoms of a basis of the diamond structure, if the lattice constant of structure is 5 Å.
- 3. Draw the diagrams to show the variation of fermi level with temperature for n-type and p-type semiconductors.
- 4. Define reverberation of time. State the factors on which it depends upon.
- 5. Calculate the number of turns required to produce a flux of 10<sup>-3</sup> Wb around an iron ring of 5 cm<sup>2</sup> cross section and 20 mm mean diameter having an air gap of 2 mm wide across it. The relative permeability of iron is 1000.
- 6. Two parallel plate capacitors having equal and opposite charges are separated by a dielectric slab of thickness 2 cm. If the electric field inside is 10<sup>6</sup> V and dielectric constant is 3, calculate the polarization and displacement density.
- 7. Explain the statement "crystal acts as three dimensional grating with X-rays".
- Q.2) **a.** Explain Hall effect & its significance. A bar of n type Ge of size 0.010 m x 0.001 m is mounted in a magnetic field of 2 x  $10^{-1}$ T. The electron density in the bar is 7 x  $10^{21}$ /m<sup>3</sup>. If one millivoilt is applied across the long ends of the bar, determine the current through the bar and the voltage between Hall electrodes placed across the short dimensions of the bar. Assume  $\mu_e = 0.39 \text{ m}^2/\text{vs}$ .
- **b.** Explain various point defects in crystals. Estimate the number of Frenkel defects per mm<sup>3</sup> in AgCl if energy of formation of frenkel defects is 1.5 eV at 700<sup>0</sup>K. The molecular weight of AgCl is 0.143 kg/mol and specific density is 5.56.
- Q.3) **a**. Draw the unit cell of HCP. Derive the number of atoms/unit cell, the c/a ratio and the void space percentage.

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b. With a near rabelled diagram explain the principle, construction and wor	King Of C
piezoelectric oscillator.	75667
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Q.4) a. For an intrinsic semiconductor show that the Fermi level lies in the cer	
forbidden energy gap.	9 9 8 5 5 7 5 T
b. Calculate the energy loss per minute in the core (of mass 40 Kg) of a transformer	r, if area of
the hysteresis loop is 1900 erg/cc. Frequency is 100 cycles/sec and density of the	material of
the core is 7.5 gm/cc	
c. Derive the relation between polarization, dielectric susceptibility and dielectric co	onstant. 5
Q. 5) a. Explain the determination of the crystal structure using Braggs spectrometer	er. 5
<b>b.</b> If a gas contains $1.2 \times 10^{27}$ atoms/m <sup>3</sup> and radius of atom is $0.53$ Å, then calculate	electronic
polarizability and dielectric constant. Find the capacitance of a parallel plate capacitance	itor having
this gas inside with plate area 1cm <sup>2</sup> and plate separation 0.12 cm.	5
c. Define Ligancy and critical radius ratio in case of ionic solid. Write the con-	ditions for
stability of ionic crystals in 3-D.	5
Q.6) a. Two ships are anchored at certain distance between them. An ultrasonic si	ignal of 50
KHz is sent from one ship to another via 2 routes. First through water and secon	nd through
atmosphere. The difference between the time intervals for receiving the signals a	t the other
ship is 2 seconds. If the velocity of sound in atmosphere and seawater are 348 m/s	s and 1392
m/s respectively, find the distance between the ships. Also find the time taken by the	ne signal to
travel through water.	5
b. Explain principle, construction & working of a solar cell.	5
c. Distinguish between diamagnetic, paramagnetic & ferromagnetic materials.	5
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