## S.E. (IT) (Sem III) (CBCGS)

## Dutabase Management System

## **University of Mumbai Examinations Summer 2022**

Time: 2 hour 30 minutes

Max. Marks: 80

Compulsory and carry equal marks  1. A collection of data designed to be used by different people is called a/an Option A: Organization Option D: Schemas  2. In database records are called as	Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are			
Option A: Organization Option B: Database Option C: Relationship Option D: Schemas  2. In database records are called as					
Option B: Database Option C: Relationship Option D: Schemas  2. In database records are called as	<del></del>				
Option C: Relationship Option D: Schemas  2. In database records are called as	<del></del>				
Option D: Schemas  2. In database records are called as					
2. In database records are called as		Relationship			
Option A: Domain Option B: Records Option C: Tuples Option D: Entity  3. What is the mapping cardinality between individual DEPARTMENT table with its EMPLOYEE table? Option A: One to One Option B: One to Many Option C: Many to one Option D: Many to Many  4. A table can be logically connected to another table by defining a Option A: Foreign Key Option B: Candidate key Option B: Candidate key Option C: Unique key Option D: Primary key  5. The given Query can also be replaced with SELECT name, course id FROM teacher, teaches WHERE faculty id= teaches ID; Option A: Select name, course id from teacher, teachers; Option C: Select name, course id from teacher natural join teaches; Option C: Select name, course id from teacher; Option D: Select course id from teacher;	Option D:	Schemas			
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Option D: Select course id from teacher join teaches;					
6. Update command that violate are disallowed.					
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Option A: Authorization	Option A:				
Option B: Integrity constraints		Integrity constraints			
Option C: Transaction control					
Option D: DDL constraints					

7.	A functional dependency is a relationship between or among:
Option A:	Tables
Option B:	Rows
Option C:	Relations
Option D:	Attributes
8.	Relation in this form is free of all modification anomalies.
Option A:	1NF
Option B:	2NF
Option C:	3NF
Option D:	Domain/Key normal form
9.	Is the purpose of Indexing in DBMS.
Option A:	establishes an index for a file
Option B:	sorts a file using a single key
Option C:	sorts file using two keys
Option D:	Both A and C
10.	Which of the following is true?
Option A:	B + tree allows only the rapid random access
Option B:	B + tree allows only the rapid Sequential access
Option C:	B + tree allows not only rapid random access but also rapid sequential access
Option D:	B + tree allows rapid random access but slower sequential access
	access

Q2 (20 Marks )		
Α	Solve any Two	5 marks each
i.	Find the highest normal form of a relation R(P, Q, R, S, Functional dependency set as (QR->S, PR->QT, Q->T).	T) with
ii.	Explain different types of attributes.	
iii.	Explain join operation of relational algebra	
$\mathbf{B}^{(1)}$	Solve any One	0 marks each
	Define Normal forms and explain with suitable example 3NF, and BCNF.	1NF, 2NF,
ii.	Explain different Hashing techniques.	

Q3 (20 Marks Each)					
A	Solve any				5 marks each
	List all fund	ctional de	penden	cies sati	sfied by the relation.
		A	В	C	
		Al	Bi	C1	
		A1	B1	C2	
		A2	B1	C2	7

	A2 B1 C1
ii.	Explain different Data Manipulation commands.
iii.	Explain different types of Indexes.
В	Solve any One 10 marks each
i.	<ul> <li>Draw an ER diagram for the following case study.</li> <li>Suppose you are given the following requirements for a simple database for the National Hockey League (NHL): <ul> <li>the NHL has many teams,</li> <li>each team has a name, a city, a coach, a captain, and a set of players,</li> <li>each player belongs to only one team,</li> <li>each player has a name, a position (such as left wing or goalie), a skill level, and a set of injury records, a team captain is also a player, a game is played between two teams (referred to as host_team and guest_team) and has a date (such as May 11th, 1999) and a score (such as 4 to 2).</li> </ul> </li> <li>Construct a clean and concise ER diagram for the NHL database.</li> </ul>
ii.	Explain the steps of an algorithm for ER to relational mapping.

Q4. (20 Marks)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<u>A</u>	Solve any Two	5 marks each
<b>i.</b>	Explain the difference between a strong entity set and along with suitable example?	d a weak entity set
ii.	Difference between B-Trees and B+Trees	
iii.	Explain Trigger with example.	
B	Solve any One	10 marks each
i.	Explain DBMS architecture in detail.	
ii.	Consider following employee database	
	Employee (emp-name, street, city, date of-joining)	
	Work (company_name, city, salary)	
	Manages (emp_name, manager_name, city)	
	i) Modify the database so that 'John' mow liv	
	ii) Give all employees of 'ABC corporation 'salary.	a 10% rise in
	iii) List all employees who lives in same city	as their manager.
	iv) Find all employees who earn more than a	verage salary of
	all employees of their company.	