Time (3 Hours) Max. Marks: 80

Note: (1) Question No. 1 is Compulsory.

- (2) Answer any three questions from Q.2 to Q.6.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. (a) Find the eigen values of
$$A^2 + 2I$$
 where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \\ 3 & 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ (5)

(b) Find the Laplace transform of f(t), where

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t^2, 0 < t < 1, \\ 1, & t > 1 \end{cases}$$
 (5)

(c) Determine the constants a, b, c, d if

$$f(z) = x^2 + 2axy + by^2 + i(cx^2 + 2dxy + y^2)$$
 is analytic. (5)

(d) Obtain half range Sine Series for
$$f(x) = x^2$$
, in $0 < x < 3$. (5)

2.(a) Find
$$L^{-1}\left(\frac{4s+12}{(s^2+8s+12)}\right)$$
 (6)

(b) Find the Laplace transform of
$$e^{-4t} \int_0^t u \sin 3u \, du$$
. (6)

(c) Obtain the Fourier expansion for
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \pi x & 0 \le x \le 1 \\ \pi(2-x) & 1 \le x \le 2 \end{cases}$$
 and

hence deduce that

$$\frac{\pi^2}{8} = \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \frac{1}{7^2} + \cdots . \tag{8}$$

3(a) Use Cayley- Hamilton theorem to find
$$2A^4 - 5A^3 - 7A + 6I$$
 where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. (6)

(b)Determine the solution of one-dimensional heat equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$
 under the boundary conditions u (0, t) =0, u (l, t) =0 and u (x, 0) =x,

$$(0 < x < l)$$
, l being the length of the rod. (6)

(c) Using Convolution theorem find the inverse Laplace transform of
$$\frac{(s+2)^2}{(s^2+4s+8)^2}$$
 (8)

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- 4 (a) Find the orthogonal trajectory of the family of curves given by $x^3y xy^3 = c$ (6)
- (b) Prove that $\int_0^\infty e^{-t} \frac{\sin^2 t}{t} dt = \frac{1}{4} \log 5.$ (6)
- (c) Using Crank-Nicholson formula, Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$. u(0,t) = 0, u(4,t) = 0,

$$u(x,0) = \frac{x}{3}(16 - x^2)$$
. Find u_{ij} for i=0, 1, 2, 3, 4 and j=0, 1, 2 taking $h = 1$. (8)

- 5 (a) Find inverse Laplace transform of $\log \left(\frac{s^2 + a^2}{\sqrt{s + b}} \right)$. (6)
 - (b) Show that the function $u = \frac{1}{2}\log(x^2 + y^2)$ is harmonic and find its corresponding analytic function and its harmonic conjugate. (6)
 - (c) Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} 32 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$ by Bender-Schmidt method, subject to the conditions, u(0,t) = 0, u(x,0) = 0, u(1,t) = t, taking h=0.25, 0<x<1. (8)
- 6 (a) Using Laplace transform Evaluate

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-2t} \left(\int_0^t \frac{e^{-u} \sin u}{u} du \right) dt \tag{6}$$

- (b) Obtain Fourier series for $f(x) = x \cos x$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$. (6)
- (c) Show that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & 4 & 4 \\ -8 & 3 & 4 \\ -16 & 8 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ is diagonalisable. Find the diagonal form D

and the diagonalising matrix M. (8)

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