**Marks** : 60]

	<ol> <li>N.B: 1. Question No. 1 is compulsory.</li> <li>2. Attempt any three questions from the remaining questions.</li> <li>3. All questions carry equal marks</li> <li>4. Atomic weights:         <ul> <li>[Ca= 40, C=12, 0=16, H=1, Mg= 24, S=32, Cl= 35.5]</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	
Q.1	Attempt any <b>five</b> of the following: -	15
	a. What is triple point.Explain it with reference to water system?	
	b. What are the drawbacks of natural Rubber?	
	c. Write synthesis, properties and uses of Kevlar.	
	d. 20ml of waste water was refluxed with 30ml of potassium dichromate solution. After	
	refluxing the excess unreacted dichromate required 11 ml of 0.1N FAS solution. A blank	
	of 20ml distilled water on refluxing with 30ml of dichromate solution required 14ml of	
	0.1 N FAS solution. Calculate the COD value of the waste water.	
	e. Define Cloud point and Pour point. Discuss its significance.	
	f. List the applications of carbon nanotubes.	
	g. What are the limitations of Phase rule? (Any 3 points)	
	h. What are the drawbacks of natural rubber (Any 3 points)	
Q.2	a. Calculate the amount of lime (90% pure) and soda (95%) required for softening of 50,000	
	liters of hard water containing the following impurities:	6
	$Ca(HCO_3)_2 = 81 \text{ mg/L}, MgCl_2 = 95 \text{ mg/L}, CaSO_4 = 68 \text{mg/L}, SiO_2 = 50 \text{mg/L},$	
	$Mg (HCO_3)_2 = 146 mg/L, H_2SO_4 = 49 mg/L$	
	b. (i) Explain the term 'Glass transition temperature'. What is its significance?	3
	(ii) Define and write significance of viscosity index.	2
	c. Explain with the help of chemical reactions 'setting and hardening 'process of cement.	4
Q.3	a. Write short notes: a) Polymer in medicine and surgery b) Conducting polymers	6
	b. (i) State the limitations of phase rule.	3
	(ii)Write composition of Portland cement.	2
	c. Calculate total hardness in ppm in given water sample (i) 50ml standard hard water containing	4
	1mg of pure CaCO3 per ml, consumed 20ml EDTA solution. (ii) 50ml water sample consumed	Į
	35ml EDTA solution using Erio-Black T indicator.	
	5, °4, °5, °8,	

[Time: 2 Hours]

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Q.4	a.	Explain the Ion exchange process of softening of hard water. What are its advantages and	
		disadvantages.	6
	b.	(i) Find acid value of vegetable oil whose 6ml required 2.6ml of 0.02N KOH for titration.	3
		(density of oil= 0.91 g/ml). State whether the oil is suitable for lubrication or not.	
		(ii) Write a note on Deccay of concrete.	2
	c.	Explain the functions of the following constituents in the compounding of plastics (Any two	o) <b>4</b>
		a) Plasticizers b) Lubricants c) Stabilizers	
Q.5	a.	(i) What is meant fabrication of plastics? Explain Transfer moulding with labelled diagram.	6
	b.	(i) Explain Reverse Osmosis.	3
		(ii) Give the important characteristics of a good Lubricant.	2
	c.	What is a condensed phase system? Draw a neat labelled phase diagram of Pb-Ag system	4
<b>Q.6</b>	a.	What is Lubrication? Discuss the mechanism of Boundary Film lubrication	6
	b.	(i) Define Phase, Component and Degree of freedom.	3
		(ii) Distinguish between Alkaline hardness and Non-Alkaline hardness.	2
	c.	Describe the wet process for manufacture of Portland cement.	4